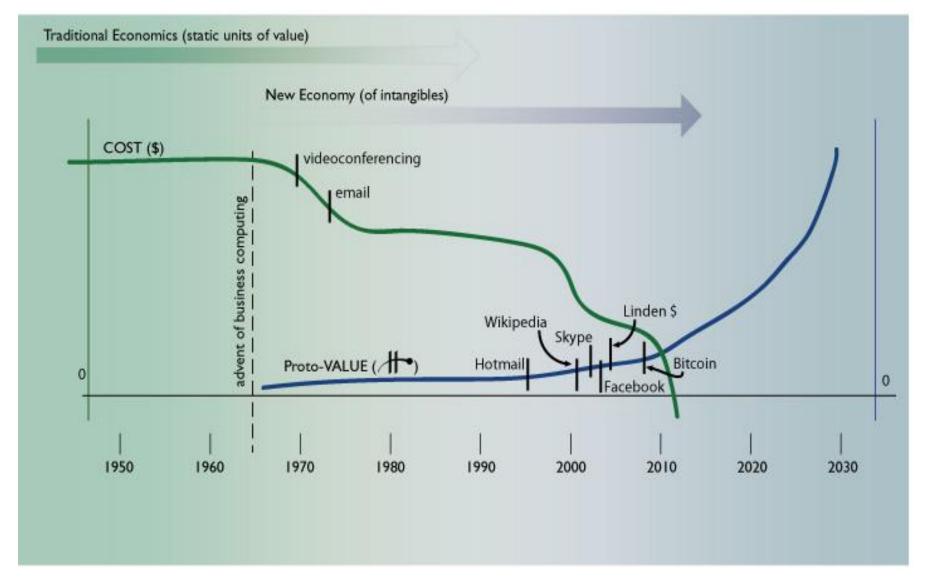
Old and New Economy in Conflict: Proto-value

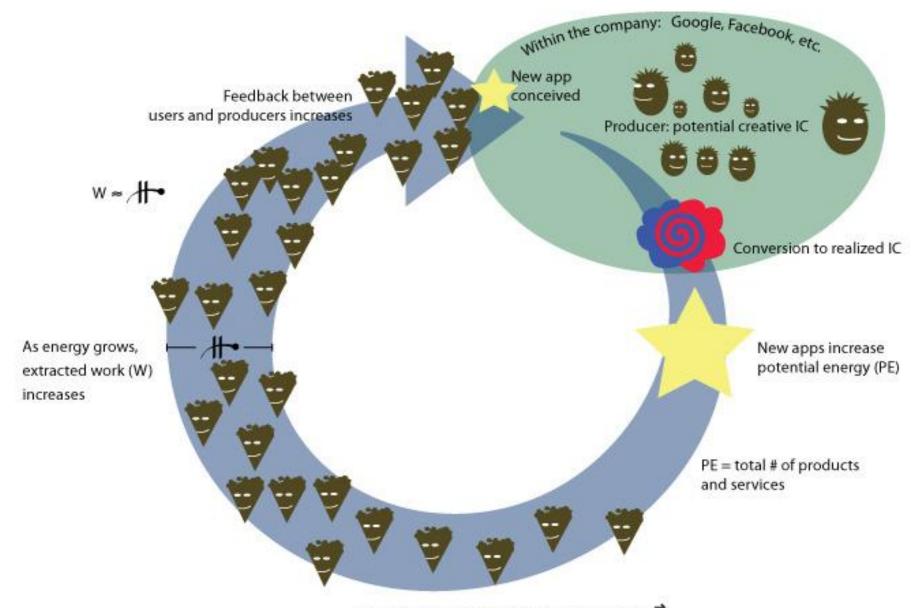
Agenda

- New Economy-Old Economy Value conflicts
- Value in Motion
- Operationalizing Proto-value: PEML
- PEML examples: Facebook and Google
- Producer Framework for Creative to Realized IC
- Creative IC => Proto-value
- Hypothetical example: Three start-up companies
- Static Versus Animated value conceptualization
- Future of the Proto-value concept

Traditional and New Economics: Value Conflict and Opportunity



Value in Motion

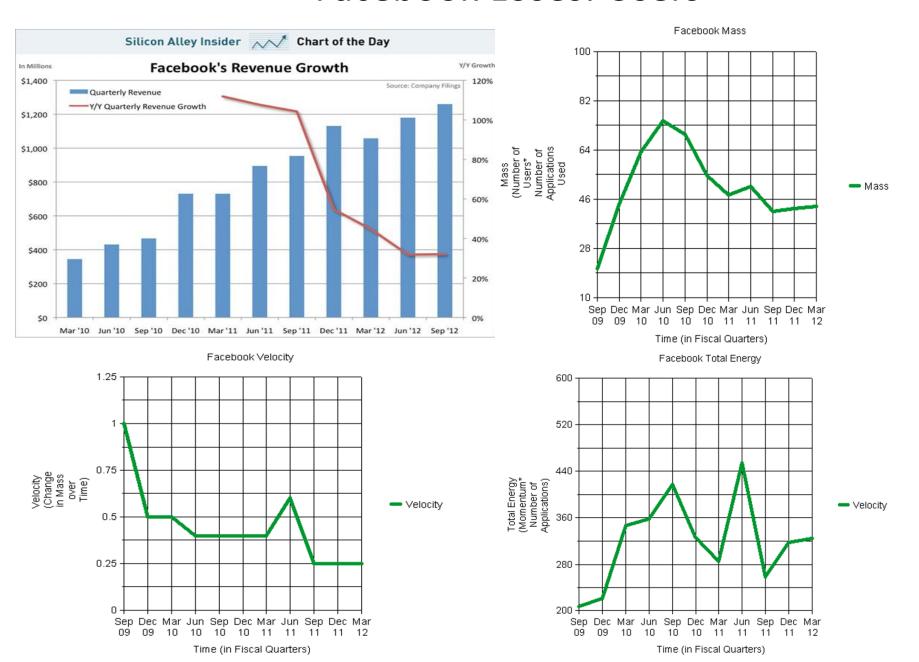


Users or uses: velocity x mass = momentum \overline{P}

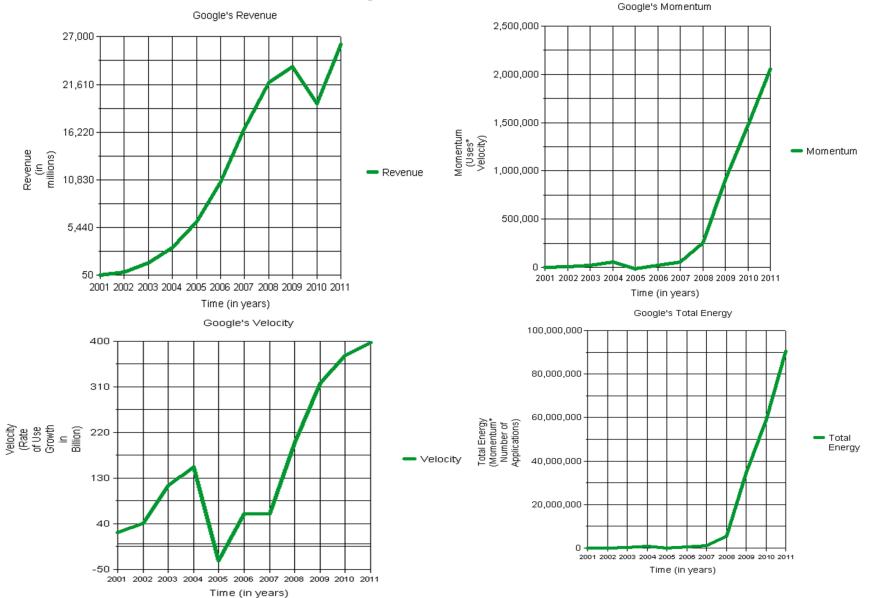
PEML

- Nodal complexity (e.g., users and/or uses) *
 Product/Service complexity (e.g., PE) basis for
 new value tracking metric
- Increase or decrease in either affects change in Momentum (e.g., mass {m} * change in # of users or uses {n}), change in realized Energy (e.g., realized energy per user), resulting in change in location (L) of proto-value over time (T)
- m*n*PE (L, T) = E*n
- E*n ≈ extracted Work(E*n) ≈ Proto-value

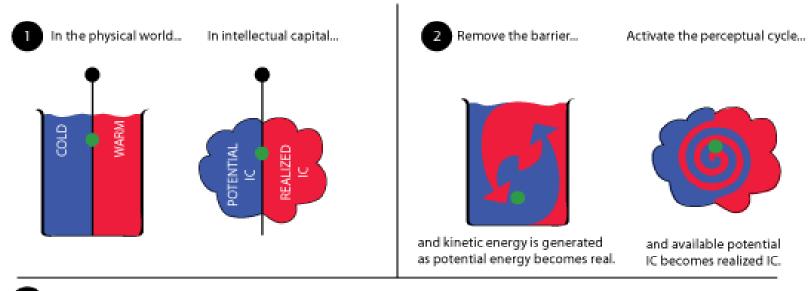
Facebook Loses: Users



Google Wins: Uses



New Theoretical Framework for Producer Value: Available Potential to Realized IC



Physical, finite matter achieves a resting state,

Available potential-to-realized IC conversion ratio is virtually unlimited.



but there is residual potential that's not accounted for.



Producer Creative IC => Proto-value

- Creative IC = Employee creativity
- Employee creativity ≈
 - Employee creative potential IC (PE)
 - Conversion of creative potential IC to realized IC
 ≈ Momentum
- Realized must generate valuable yield ≈Protovalue
- Problems:
 - Operationalizing creative potential IC
 - Quantifying potential IC

From Realized IC to Yield

Three Time Period Results from Three Companies: Conversion and Yield

Company	Explicit Potential IC Units	Realized IC Units	Yield from Realized Proto-value Units	Eventual Revenue
Company A	1. 20	1. 5	1. 1	1.\$130K
	2. 20	2. 16	2. 3	2.\$25K
	3. 35	3. 6	3. 3	3. \$1 7 5K
			•	•
Company B	1. 15	1. 5	1. 3	1.\$120K
	2. 20	2. 7	2. 4	2.\$135K
	3. 25	3. 7	3. 3	3. \$130K
		•	•	
Company C	1. 25	1. 7	1. 2	1.\$112K
	2. 40	2. 13	2. 1	2.\$105K
	3. 45	3. 16	3. 3	3. \$113K
10		•	•	

Static Vrs Animated Value

- Monetization = static units of value substance, lagging indicators of value in motion
- Work extracted from total Energy (i.e., Proto-value) requires Thermodynamics framework
- Visualization of Proto-value with holograph: PEML in motion on an n-dimensional grid
- New animated metrics to track changes in Protovalue
- Same metrics can be used in the for-profit and in the not-for-profit sectors
- Potential of complexity theory: units of complexity
 = units of change (bits) ≈ value in motion

Proto-value Concept

- Producer POV: Yield from realized IC ≈ Proto-value in motion
- Market POV: W extracted from E ≈ Proto-value in motion
- Revenue is a by-product of changes in Proto-value
- Changes in Proto-value can be tracked in the public sector in the same way its tracked in the private sector
- Engine of growth in Proto-value is creative IC conversion to realized IC
- Bottom line: focus on increasing Proto-value and the money will come