

zeppelin university

Hochschule zwischen Wirtschaft, Kultur und Politik

Open Innovation in Germany, Switzerland and Austria

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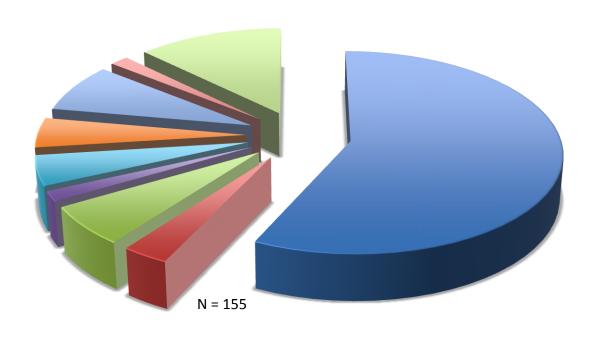
Management of EADS

Chair of Innovation Management

Editor of R&D Management Journal

Industry sectors

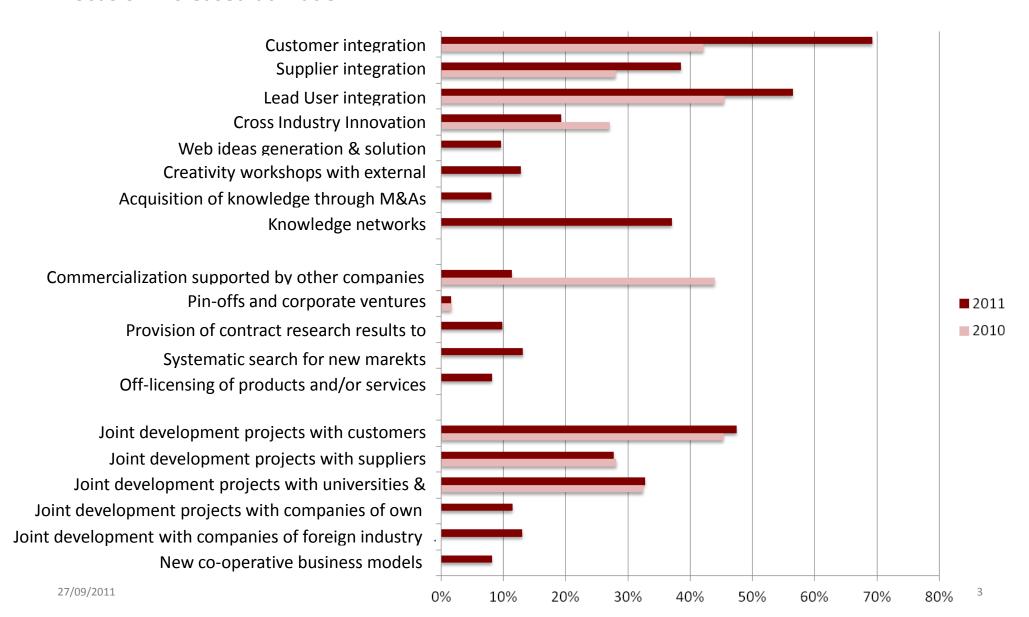
Dominance of manifacturing



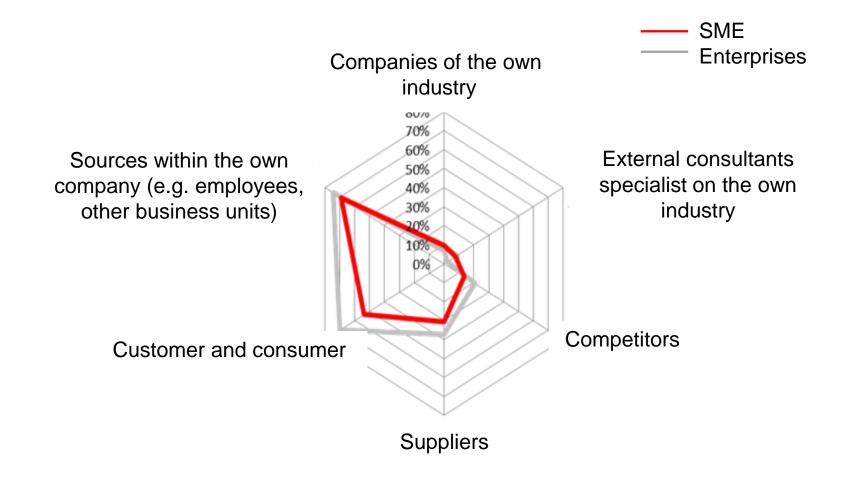
- 51% SMEs (< 501) ₁
 Large scale companies₁
- Manufacturing
- Energy supply
- Construction
- Retail
- Information and Communication Technology
- Financial and insurance services
- Other business services
- Others

Comparison of Open Innovation activities in 2010 and 2011

Focus on increased utiliziation



Comparing the usage of sources between SMEs and enterprises



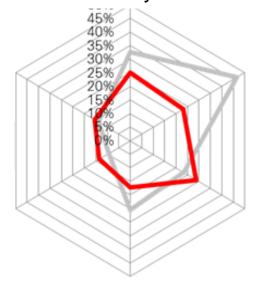
SMEs are less frequently using sources of their own industry

Scientific journals and publication of the own industry

SME Enterprises

Universities and institutes of higher education within the own field of expertise

Governmental or public research institutes within the own field of expertise

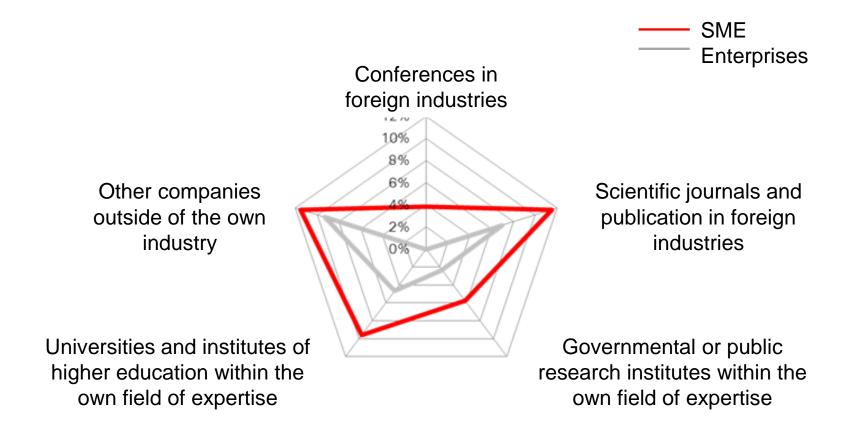


Conferences within the own field of expertise

Data bases own industry (e.g. patent data bases)

Exhibitions within the own industry

But outperform enterprises when using sources outside of their own inustry



How does an Open Innovation concept look like?

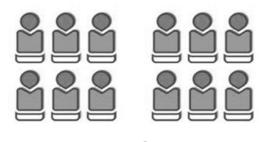
"Knowledge we have"

"People we know"

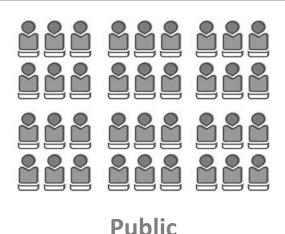
"People we don 't know"



Employees



Customers/Suppplier
Partner



COMPANY

Better usage of existing knowledge of employees, reduce knowledge silos, leverage internal and external network contacts through idea and solution seeking platforms, WIKIs etc.

COMMUNITY

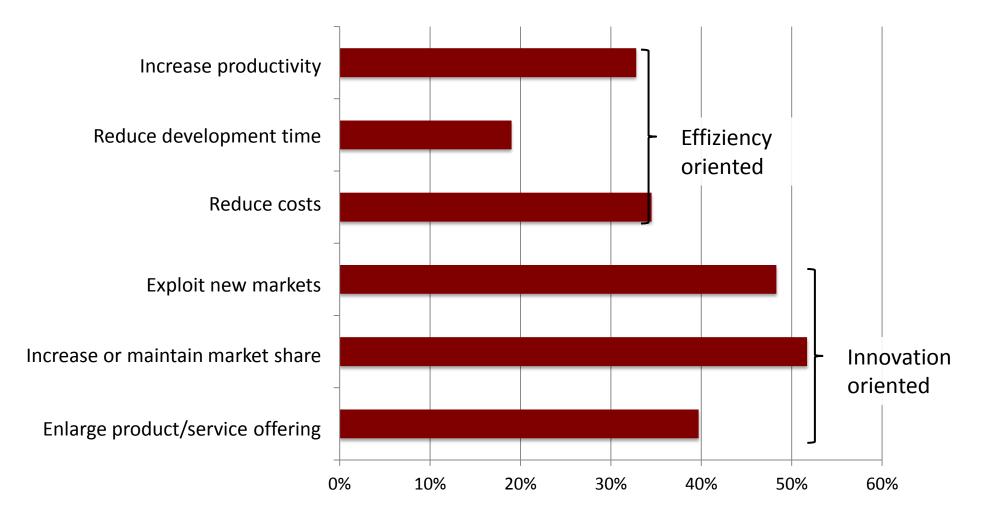
Better usage of existing partners for cooperation, acquisition of new partners in "Trusted Networks", access limited platforms, consortia, crossindustry workshops etc.

CROWD

Better usage of yet unknown external knowledge sources through publicly available idea competitions, intermediaries with solution seeking platforms like Innocentive or Nine Sigma, Pyramiding and Netnography etc.

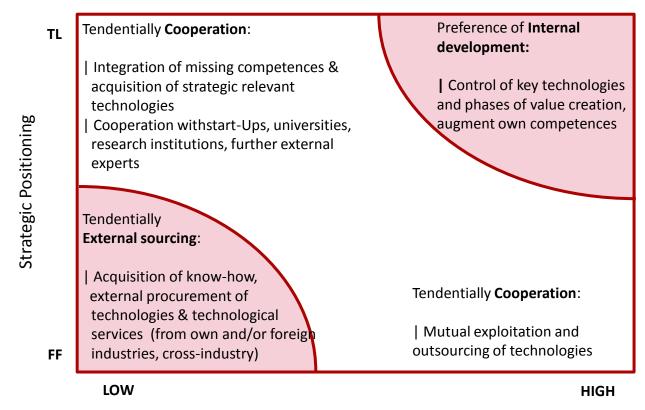
Why do companies conduct Open Innovation?

Targeted objectives are key



Why does strategy matter?

Organize technology management according to the strategic positioning and the relative level of competence



Relative level of competence in this technological field

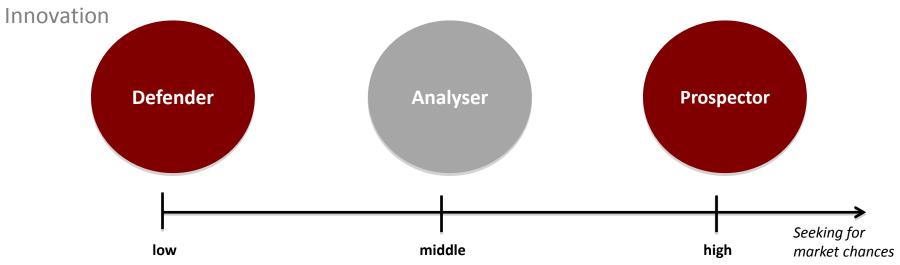
TL = Technological Leader

FF = Fast Follower

Quelle: Gerybadze (2004)

Strategic orientation of companies (1)

Transferring Miles & Snow's (1978) strategy concept to innovation strategy and Open



Transfer to
innovation
stratgy

Open

(01)

Innovation

- Narrow product-market-field
- Little quest for new chances beyond the own sector
- Stable industries
- Market leader
- Cost leadership or strategic scope
- Cost-efficient core technology
- Attempt to combine the "Defender's" and "Prospector's" best characteristics in one strategy type
- Broad product-market-field
- Continious quest for new chances beyond the own sector
- Trigger for change in dynamic evironment
- Technologyleader
- Differeantiation strategy
- Radical and break-through innovations



- Focus on internal development with little Open Innovation (Increase in effiziency, market orientation)
- Cherry picking when choosing OI activity
- Focus on Open Innovation aiming for new innovation opportunities

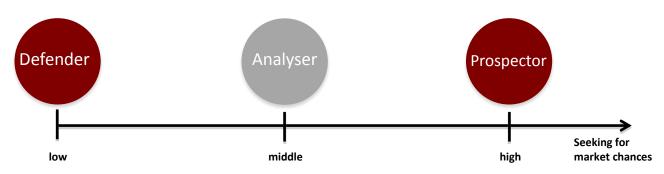
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References: Ansoff (1957); Chandy & Tellis (1998); Fine (1998); Miles & Snow (1978); Porter (1980), Slater & Mohr (2006)

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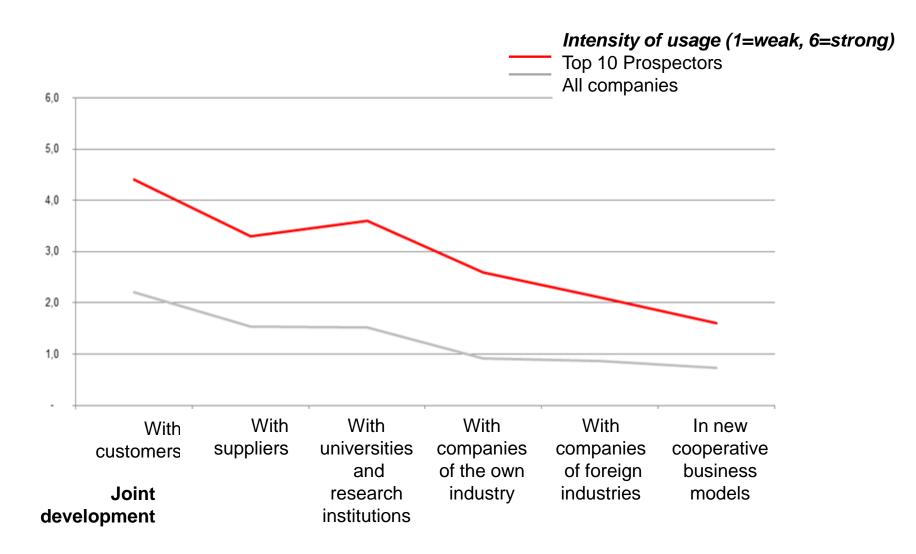
Strategic orientation of companies (2)

Transfer to the application of various innovation activities



Innovation activities	 Customer integration to increase efficiency Supplier integration to increase efficiency Joint development with customers and suppliers to increase efficiency High rate of internal developlemt 		 Customer integration to increase innovativeness Supplier integration to increase innovativeness Joint development with customers and suppliers to increase innovativeness Creativity workshops with external parties Technology alliances Crowdsourcing Cooperations with universities/research institutions Lead-user-integration Cross-industry innovation Netnography & web-content-mining Innovation & knowledge networks Cooperative business models
Company examples	- Mibelle AG	- Beiersdorf AG	- D. Swarovski KG

Comparing the best 10 with the rest of the sample



Thank you very much for your attention!

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