

Intellectual Capital for Communities in the Knowledge Economy

Public data and innovation











Agency for public intangible of France

- Who are we?
 - Agency depending from the ministry of economy, finances and foreign trade
 - Created in 2007 to value public intangible assets
 - Mainly composed of
 - Legal experts, specialized in IP right
 - Marketing experts





Agency for public intangible of France

Great diversity of intangible assets

Patents

Trade marks

Know-how

Internet domain names

Software

Internet sites

Public sector information

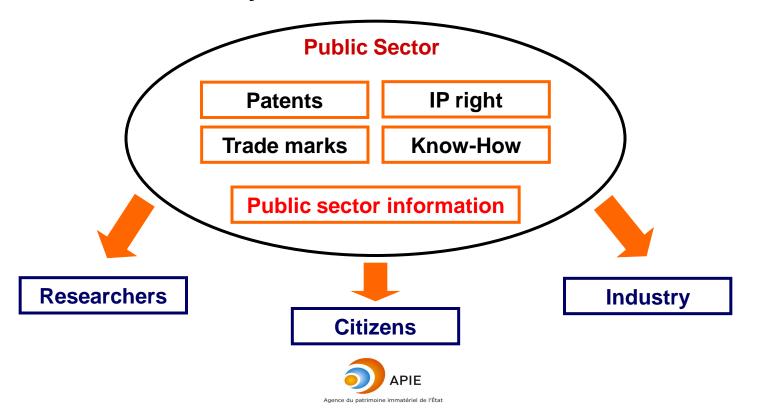
Intellectual property rights





Agency for public intangible of France

- Our missions
 - → Contribute to the modernisation of the administration
 - → Unlock the potential of public intangible assets for the State economy as a whole





The open data movement

Key dates

World

2003: European PSI directive

March 2009 : data.gov

April 2010 : data.gov.uk

2010 : many local initiatives + European digital agenda

2011 : many national initiatives (Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Kenya, etc.)

2012: revision of PSI directive

France

2005 : transposition PSI directive

2009 : first ministerial data catalogues

2010 : data catalogue city of Rennes + preliminary study national portal

2011 : many local initiatives (Paris, Bordeaux, Nantes, Toulouse, ...)

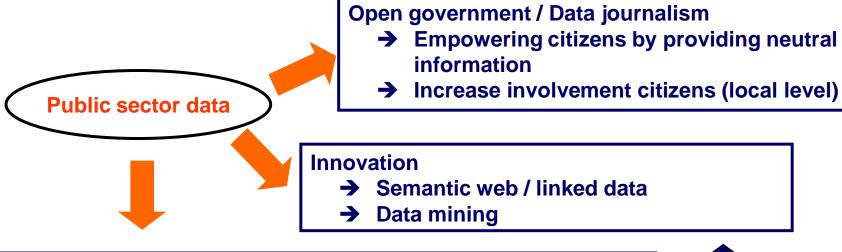
December 2011 : data.gouv.fr





The open data movement

- Open data, what for?
 - → Three main objectives



Economic development

- → Digital economy : smartphone applications, content, etc.
- → Services : marketing, economic intelligence, etc.







The open data movement: what results?

Agence du patrimoine immatériel de l'État

Open government /data journalism :

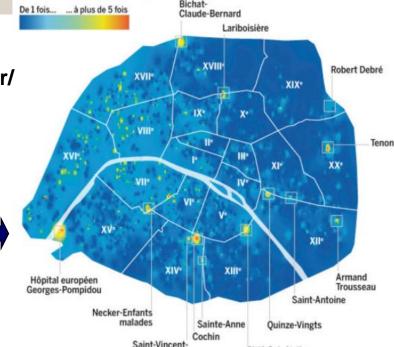


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Non profit organisation following the activity of members of parliament: http://www.nosdeputes.fr/

Data journalism: exemple of newspaper article in « Le Monde » exploiting public data (pricing of physicians)

http://www.lemonde.fr/sante/article/2012/04/10/enquete-surces-consultations-au-prix-fort_1682940_1651302.html





The open data movement: what results?

- Economic development : some success stories
 - Digital products



- Internet sites



- Services: economic intelligence and marketing







The open data movement : what results?

Innovation

- Semantic web / Linked data
- Data visualisation
- Data mining



- IT and consulting services around open data











The open data movement: what results?

- Open Government :
 - Interesting applications at local level
 - Development of data journalism
- Situation at date from an <u>economic</u> point of view
 - Mixed results with some success stories, but few new products created based on open data
 - However, emergence of an economic ecosystem based on services around data (public <u>and</u> private data)
 - This ecosystem is largely based on innovative applications
 - → The public sector should support the innovative potential of open data



How to support innovation around open data?

- Role of public sector
 - Improve the governance of the open data policy
 - Cooperation administrations / local authorities
 - o Dialogue with re-users
 - o Identification of high potential data
 - Open up more data, and ensure the continued existence of the movement
 - o Automatizing the process and real time updates
 - o **Budget**
 - Publish data in machine readable formats and appropriate meta data





Semantic web: one step further

- What is semantic web?
 - Term invented by Tim Berners-Lee
 - Enable users to share and combine information without human intervention
 - Data published in specifically designed language for data



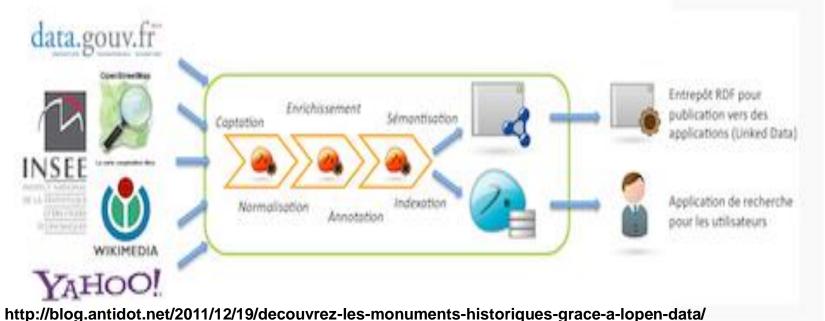
→ Huge potential to develop innovative services





Semantic web: one step further

- **Example: "Monuments historiques" application**
 - Application allowing to research 44.000 French monuments
 - 7 different sources (public and private) and formats



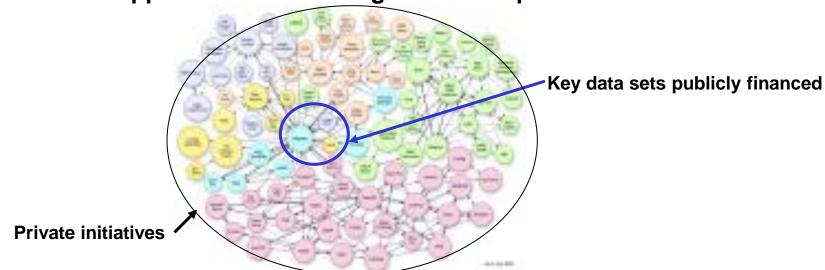






Semantic web: one step further

- How to develop this data format?
 - A generalization of this format on public open data portals would be too onerous in the short term
 - At longer term, take into account as much as possible these innovative tools when designing new IT systems
 - Alternative :
 - o Finance research projects on key data bases : geographical data, statistical data, cultural data, etc.
 - o Support the creation of general accepted reference tables





QUESTIONS?



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http://www.economie.gouv.fr/apie

kristof.de-meulder@apie.gouv.fr

