





Organisational capital and human capital as strategic resources



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The Franco-German Round Table on Intangibles (knowledge assets)

Paris, 26 September 2011

Intangibles in the resource-based perspective: a paradox



Intangibles are socially complex, must be accumulated slowly & are hard to evaluate (*Barney 1986; Dierickx/Cool 1989*)

Intangibles are strategic resources (*Lado/Wilson 1994; Wright et al. 1994*)

Intangibles are difficult to detect & foster

Problem: How can we measure intangibles as researchers?





- Strategic resources according to *Tomer 1987*
 - Human capital individual knowledge assets (skills, knowledge)
 - Organisational capital company-level knowledge assets (routines, practices)
- 13 empirical papers since 1997: Cooper/Johri 1997; Brynjolfsson/Hitt/ Yang 2002; Brynjolfsson/Hitt 2003; Lev/Radhakrishnan 2003; Sadowski/Ludewig 2003, 2005; Bugamelli/Pagano 2004; Black/Lynch 2004, 2005; Youndt/Subramaniam/Snell 2004; Subramaniam/Youndt 2005; Atkeson/Kehoe 2002, 2005; Tseng/Goo 2005; García-Olaverri/ Huerta-Arribas/Larraza-Kintana 2006; Ramirez/Hachiya 2006

Empirical designs and representatives studies





	Sample	
Measurement	Multiple industries	Single industry
Practices (objective)	Econometrics Sadowski/Ludewig 2009;	Insider econometrics Schneider 2008
Evaluation (subjective)	Sociometrics Subranamiam/Youndt 2005;	

Intangibles influenced profit situation in the German *Maschinenbau* in the 1990s





Variable	Coefficient	
Organisational capital (IT)		
No. of NC/CNC machines per worker	0.0331**	
No. of computer-aided practices of planning & control	0.0783**	
Human capital (training, retention)		
% of skilled shop-floor workers (<i>Facharbeiter</i>) receiving further training	0.0149**	
Personnel turnover	-0.2125**	
Personnel turnover squared	0.0078**	

N=201; various controls included; ** significant at 5%; Data from the "NIFA-Panel" covering plants of the German *Maschinenbau*. Profit situation in 1997 (dependent variable) given by subjective ratings on 5-point scale; independent variables in 1995

Conclusions: How to grasp intangibles





- Method: Insider econometrics
 - One industry
 - Quantitative measures (policies & practices)
 - Qualitative insights provided by experts (managers & workers)
- Questions to be addressed
 - Which policies & practices are strategic resources?
 - Can we distinguish between IT investment & organizational capital?
 - Are there interactions between different strategic resources?
 - How sustainable are competitive advantages?